### Two types of renewables: utility scale and distributed

#### **Description**

#### Corporates are driving demand, Greater than 10MW: ٠ largely in Texas most often 50+MW Long-term renewable contracts Solar and wind farms **Utility Scale** beat the market price Often located in west • Aggregations forming to achieve and north Texas better pricing Transmission costs have been Less than 10MW / most on the rise, creating often less than 1 MW **Distributed Scale** tremendous economic case Typically solar • Regulated-region customers Located on site of the can work with local co-op or buyer's facility muni



**Recent Trends** 

# **ERCOT Transmission Charge Escalation**





Worsening Congestion Drives More Transmission

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## **ERCOT Transmission Charge Escalation**

- Oncor transmission charges will closely follow ERCOT "Postage Stamp" Rate
- Slight discount to "Postage Stamp" rate due to cross-subsidization (small commercial and residential paying a little more than their fair share)

ERCOT "Postage Stamp" Rate = \$53.58 / kW-yr = \$4.47 / kW-mth

Sept. '18 Average Oncor Transmission Cost Recovery Factor ("TCRF") = \$47.48 / kW-yr = \$3.96 / kW-mth

Oncor - Docket 48408			
Class	Charg	ges	
Secondary > 10 kW IDR Primary > 10 kW IDR	per 4CP kW per 4CP kW	\$4.566693 \$4.107310	
Primary > 10 kW Substation	per 4CP kW	\$3.148377	
Transmission IDR	per 4CP kW	\$4.006269	

### On-site solar reduces transmission charges

Every 4CP moment has occurred between 3:45 and 5pm...

...No need to enroll in 4CP predictive services because the sun is shining >90% of time



#### TODAY'S OUTLOOK

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### Co-ops and muni's are racing ahead with solar



Source: Rocky Mountain Institute, https://www.greenbiz.com/article/why-distributed-solar-winning-texas

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# City of Kerrville — utility-customer solar generation agreement

Description

- Local non-profits host solar arrays for municipal utility, KPUB
- Projects are front-of-the-meter (on distribution grid)
- Sized at 0.99 MW to capture transmission savings
- Hosts receive discounted power rates
- Remaining power provides lower rates to low income housing.
- KPUB developed tariff structure, determined hosting finalists, and awarded solar projects in 2018

#### Lessons

- Took a substantial time and internal resources for KPUB to find non-profit hosts and the solar provider
- Utility-scale renewables procurement is a lower resource burden for KPUB

#### **Benefits**

- Provides savings to KPUB via transmission (4CP) and energy cost savings – savings passed on to hosts and low-income housing
- Property tax payments of power projects stays within community



#### 'Solar Partners' chosen for two local panel sites

Mike Wittler, general manager of Kerrville Public Utility Board, explained the planned north-south orientation of solar panels to be erected on this acreage on Schreiner University's Weston Farm between East Main Street and Singing Wind Drive. The SU property is one of two leases set for the project.

Source: Hill Country Community Journal



# Comparing utility- and distributed-scale solar

\$60

#### UTILITY SCALE versus DISTRIBUTED SCALE

Solar PPA Prices Converted to Utility-Scale PPA-Equivalent (\$/MWh)





Today's agenda

[2:00–2:20] Welcome
[2:20–2:55] State of the market
[2:55–3:10] Experiences\*
[3:10–3:25] Break
[3:25–4:00] Options for procurement
[4:00–4:30] Action planning\*



### Experiences

### 2:55-3:10

- 1. Form small groups
- 2. Share your experiences with renewables (10 min)
  - a) Have you considered renewables? Why or why not?
  - b) How did the renewable energy offers perform?
- 3. Sharing in the plenary (5 min)
  - a) Volunteers share their discussions/insights

# Framework: How do the renewables energy offers perform?

Performance Indicator	Performance 1 = very weak 5 = very strong
Contracting simplicity	
Competitively bid on supplier qualifications	
Competitively bid on price	
Budget certainty	
Length of contract	
Cost savings	
Ability to track savings	
Additionality (sustainability)	
Scale (% of your consumption)	



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# Framework: Rate your priorities

Performance Indicator	How important? 1 = not important 5 = very important
Contracting simplicity	
Competitively bid on supplier qualifications	
Competitively bid on price	
Budget certainty	
Length of contract	
Cost savings	
Ability to track savings	
Additionality (sustainability)	
Scale (% of your consumption)	



# **Distributed Solar: Options for Procurement**

#### **Description**



#### **Assessment**

- Highly customized
- Proceed at your own pace
- Higher price
- Enables transmission cost savings for better economics
- Can be part of an aggregation
- Muni or co-op can be challenging to work with
- Can reduce cost by ~10% in relation to self-procurement
- Additional buyers can complicate the procurement



### Aggregation of distributed solar saves 10% on PPA price



# Utility-scale Renewables: Options for Procurement

#### **Description**





#### 3. Public Power Blocks

- Contract for "100% renewable" power
- Fixed price, matches load
- 2–10 year term
- Agreement with renewable project developer
- Variable volume, fixed price
- 15–20 year term
- Subscription to an aggregated power purchase
- Fixed price block
- 15–20 year term



Public Power Block is the biggest public entity renewables aggregation, offering low prices and budget certainty



#### What it is

- A 150+ MW block of power composed of new-build solar, new-build wind, and grid power (natural gas, coal, nuclear, and existing renewables)
- 15–20 year term, beginning mid-2020
- To be competitively bid on <u>price</u> and qualifications for the Texas Power Pool early 2019

#### Why it matters

- Immediate cost savings
- Reduced exposure to electricity market volatility
- Integrates with existing and future retail electricity provider contracts
- Enables 150–200 MW of new-build solar and/or wind
- Creates revenue for Texas university systems

#### **Target Customers**

- State of Texas entities or AA-rated-or-higher Texas municipal entities, ISDs and universities
- Minimum 20 million kWh annual power consumption



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# The Public Power Block (PPB) enables public entities to lock in historic low *temporary* pricing, but now for 15–20 years

Historical ERCOT Values



Source: Actual wholesale values are historical load zone settlement prices taken from ERCOT State of the Market reports.



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[4:00–4:30] Action planning\*

\* Includes small group discussion

# **Action Planning**

### 4:00-4:25

- 1. Form small groups
- 2. How can you overcome renewable energy procurement challenges? (5 min)
  - a) What are your procurement challenges?
  - b) What does success look like?
- 3. What are the most important steps to take? (10 min)
  - a) What do you need to accomplish?
  - b) Who should be involved?
  - c) How will you know when you are making progress?
- 4. Sharing in the plenary (10 min)
  - a) Volunteers share their discussions/insights

### Concluding messages

- Texas Power Pool is a power purchasing option made available through the Comptroller Statewide Procurement Division
- Renewable energy is the lowest cost power in Texas if procured long-term
- No need to wait for your retail power contract to expire
- Renewable energy provides long term hedge against future prices
- Savings vs long-term market prices are not guaranteed, but most deals are done based on high probability





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